# ENVIRONMENT Umweltbundesamt

# **Microplastics and their Alternatives for Intentional Use in Products An application for FT-IR Micro-Spectroscopy**

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# Introduction

Microplastics for intentional use in products are often linked with exfoliating microbeads added to cosmetics and personal care products. However, their use extends far beyond this abrasive function and spreads across many product groups. As theoretical background we give a broad working definition of microplastics that is under discussion in the EU. We will present an overview of intentionally added microplastics, and their versatile functions in the products. The analytical perspective covers an application example of FT-IR micro-spectroscopy for microplastic analysis.

# **Theoretical Background**

# **Microplastic Analysis**

# **\* Working Definition Microplastics are ...?**

 $\square$  ... mostly agreed,  $\bigcirc$  ... under discussion

 $\square$  <u>solid</u> plastic <u>particles</u> smaller than <u>5 mm</u> ☑ made of <u>conventional plastics</u> e.g. PE/PP/PS/PA/PVC

- $\otimes$  also particles of <u>other synthetic polymers</u>, e.g. elastomers, resins, superabsorbent polymers?
- $\odot$  also smaller than 1 µm (i.e. <u>nano</u> range)?
- $\odot$  <u>bioplastic</u> particles made from renewable feedstock?
- $\otimes$  also water <u>soluble</u> and/or <u>biodegradable</u> particles?

# **Common products containing microplastics are ...?**





# **Abrasive particles found in products**



Fig. 2. Particles contained in exfoliating scrub

(2.1) blue spheres  $\sim$ 0.4 mm (2.2) white spherical particles ~0.3 mm and ~0.05 mm



Fig. 3: Particles contained in hand cleansing paste

(3.1) brown splinters ~0.2-1.5 mm (3.2) transparent, sharp-edged fragments 0.05-0.25 mm

# Material identification by micro-ATR-FTIR analysis







### Microplastics? Microplastics? Microplastics?

Fig.1a. Ingredient list of personal care product containing microplastic (Polyethylene) 1b. Microscope image of abrasive particles 1c. Products and their added abrasive particles

⇒ Voluntary initiatives of product brands to remove solid plastic particles used to exfoliate or cleanse in rinse-off personal care products are underway.

## **Many functions of \*microplastics\* in products**

Exfoliating, abrasive Emulsifying/suspending/dispersing agent •Film forming, surface coating, anti-static agent Binding, filler, control release of ingredients Improve chemical/mechanical resistance Flocculants, dewatering, absorbent

### **Product categories containing \*microplastics\***

 Cosmetics, personal care products, detergents Paints, coatings, inks; industrial abrasives Agricultural and horticultural applications Pharmaceuticals

# **Options for material identification of microplastics** by FT-IR using PerkinElmer Spotlight 400



### **Micro-ATR-FTIR**

In-contact measurement • Original particle size/shape changes • Cleaning to avoid cross-contamination

Fig. 4. View from below on micro-ATRdevice with 200 µm particle before single particle measurement.

### **ATR-FTIR (+Imaging)**

In-contact measurement

- Original particle size/shape/position changes
- Cleaning to avoid cross-contamination
- Evenly distribute particles to avoid overlap that deteriorates identification



### Additives in waste water treatment

# **Conclusions & Outlook**

- Small particles potentially categorizing microplastics are widely applied in consumer products for their versatile functions.
- For identification of both microplastic particles and their alternatives in products FT-IR spectroscopy was successfully applied.
- The different measurement options in FTIR provide flexibility in choosing the most appropriate method for the given analytical scope.



Fig. 5. Measurement area 400 x 400 µm with particles after (left) and before (right) ATR-imaging

### **Transmission/Reflection FTIR** (+Imaging)

Non-contact measurement of surface Original particle size/shape/position remains, counting of particles possible • Less cross-contamination, less cleaning

Fig. 6. Measurement area 2.5 x 2.5 cm with  $\sim 1.5$  mg particles on filter after (left) and before (right) FTIR-Imaging in Transmission

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